**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:** 

1. (Currently Amended) A hollow spinal spacer for engagement between

vertebrae, comprising:

an anterior wall having a convexly curved anterior surface and opposite ends;

a posterior wall having a flat posterior surface and opposite ends;

two lateral walls, each integrally connected between said opposite ends of said anterior

and posterior walls to define a chamber; and

said walls further defining;

a superior vertebral engaging face defined by a thickness of said walls, said

superior vertebral engaging face defining extending about a first opening extending between

said walls, said first opening in communication with defined by said chamber, said walls

extending about and defining said first opening; and

an opposite inferior vertebral engaging inferior face defined by said thickness

of said walls, said opposite inferior vertebral engaging inferior face defining extending about

a second opening extending between said walls, said second opening in communication with

defined by said chamber, said walls extending about and defining said second opening.

2. (Original) The spacer of claim 1, further comprising an osteoinductive material

contained within said chamber.

3. (Original) The spacer of claim 2 wherein said osteoinductive material is

autograft.

4. (Original) The spacer of claim 2 wherein said osteoinductive material is a

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bioceramic.

5. (Original) The spacer of claim 4 wherein said bioceramic is a biphasic calcium

phosphate ceramic.

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- (Original) The spacer of claim 2 wherein said osteoinductive material includes 6.
- a bone morphogenic protein in a carrier.
- (Original) The spacer of claim 6 wherein said bone morphogenic protein is 7.
- selected from the group consisting of BMP-1, BMP-2, BMP-3, BMP-4, BMP-5, BMP-6,
- BMP-6, BMP-7, BMP-8, BMP-9, BMP-10, BMP-11, BMP-12 and BMP-13.
- (Original) The spacer of claim 7 wherein said bone morphogenic protein is 8.
- BMP-2.
  - 9. (Original) The spacer of claim 8 further comprising BMP-7.
- (Original) The spacer of claim 6 wherein said carrier is selected from the group 10.
- consisting of calcium sulfate, polylactic acids, polyanhydrides, collagen, calcium phosphate
- ceramics and polymeric acrylic esters.
- (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said carrier is an open-porosity 11.
- polylactic acid polymer.
  - 12. (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said carrier includes collagen.
  - 13. (Original) The spacer of claim 12 wherein said carrier is fibrillar collagen.
  - 14. (Original) The spacer of claim 12 wherein said carrier is a collagen sponge.
- (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said carrier is provided in strips 15.
- folded to conform to said chamber.
  - 16. (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said carrier is provided in sheets

folded to conform to said chamber.

17. (Original) The spacer of claim 10, further comprising an osteoconductive

material contained within said chamber.

18. (Original) The spacer of claim 17 wherein said osteoconductive material is

allograft.

19. (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said anterior wall defines a thru-

hole configured for receiving an implanting tool.

20. (Original) The spacer of claim 10 wherein said superior face and said inferior

face each define a roughened surface adapted to provide a friction fit with bone.

21. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 10, wherein each said lateral wall has an

external surface and further comprising a lateral wing projecting from said external surface of

each said lateral wall, each said wing disposed between said inferior and superior faces.

22. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 10, further comprising a first pair of blades

extending from said superior face and a pair of second blades extending from said inferior

face, said blades each having a cutting edge configured to pierce a vertebral end-plate.

23. (Withdrawn) A hollow spinal spacer for engagement between vertebrae,

comprising:

an anterior wall having opposite ends and defining an anterior superior surface and an

anterior inferior surface,

said anterior superior surface having a concave shape defining a first radius,

said first radius configured to correspond to the anterior shape of an inferior vertebral end-

plate, and

said anterior inferior surface having a convex shape defining a second radius,

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plate;

a posterior wall having opposite ends and defining a posterior superior surface and a

posterior inferior surface;

two lateral walls, each integrally connected between said opposite ends of said anterior

and posterior walls to define a chamber, each said lateral wall defining a lateral superior

surface and a lateral inferior surface;

a superior vertebral engaging face including said anterior superior surface, said

posterior superior surface and said lateral superior surfaces, said superior face defining a first

opening in communication with said chamber; and

an opposite inferior vertebral engaging face including said anterior inferior surface,

said posterior inferior surface and said lateral inferior surfaces, said inferior face defining a

second opening in communication with said chamber.

24. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23 wherein said walls and said faces are

composed of a biocompatible composite including a rigid foam carbonaceous material and a

thin film of metallic material deposited onto said carbonaceous material.

25. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23 wherein said first radius is between about

0.500" and about 1.250" and said second radius is between about 0.500" and about 1.250".

26. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 25 wherein both said first and second radii

are about 0.750.

27. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23 wherein:

said posterior superior surface has a concave shape defining a third radius, said third

radius configured to correspond to the posterior shape of an inferior vertebral end-plate; and

said posterior inferior surface has a convex shape defining a fourth radius, said fourth

radius configured to correspond to the posterior shape of a superior vertebral end-plate.

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(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 27 wherein said third radius is between about 28.

0.500" and about 1.250" and said fourth radius is between about 0.500" and about 1.250".

29. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 28 wherein both said first and second radii

are about 0.750.

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23 wherein said anterior wall defines a thru-30.

hole for receiving an implanting tool.

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23 wherein said anterior wall has a convexly 31.

curved anterior surface.

32. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 31 wherein said posterior wall has a flat

posterior surface.

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23, wherein: 33.

said lateral superior surface defines a superior radius configured to correspond to the

inferior shape of a vertebral end-plate; and

said lateral inferior surface defines an inferior radius configured to correspond to the

superior shape of a vertebral end-plate.

34. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23, wherein each said lateral wall includes an

external surface and further comprising a lateral wing projecting from said external surface of

each said lateral wall.

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 23, further comprising a first pair of blades 35.

extending from said superior face and a second pair of blades extending from said inferior

face, said blades each having a cutting edge configured to pierce a vertebral end-plate.

(Withdrawn) A hollow spinal spacer for engagement between vertebrae, 36.

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an anterior wall having opposite ends and defining an anterior superior surface and an

anterior inferior surface;

a posterior wall having opposite ends and defining a posterior superior surface and a

posterior inferior surface;

two lateral walls, each integrally connected between said opposite ends of said anterior

and posterior walls to define a chamber, each said lateral wall defining a convex lateral

superior surface and a convex lateral inferior surface,

each said lateral superior surface defining a superior radius configured to

correspond to the inferior shape of a vertebral end-plate;

each said lateral inferior surface defining an inferior radius configured to

correspond to the superior shape of a vertebral end-plate;

a superior vertebral engaging face including said anterior superior surface, said

posterior superior surface and said lateral superior surfaces, said superior face defining a first

opening in communication with said chamber; and

an inferior vertebral engaging face including said anterior inferior surface, said

posterior inferior surface and said lateral inferior surfaces, said inferior face having a second

opening in communication with said chamber.

37. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 36 wherein said walls and said faces are

composed of a biocompatible composite including a rigid foam carbonaceous material and a

thin film of metallic material deposited onto said carbonaceous material.

38. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 36 wherein said superior radius is between

about 0.500" and about 1.250" and said inferior radius is between about 0.500" and about

1.250".

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 38 wherein both said superior and inferior 39.

radii are each about 0.750.

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40. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 36 wherein said anterior wall has a convexly

curved anterior surface and said posterior wall has a flat posterior surface.

41. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 36 wherein said anterior wall defines a thru-

hole for receiving an implanting tool.

42. (Withdrawn) A hollow spinal spacer for engagement between vertebrae,

comprising:

an anterior wall having opposite ends;

a posterior wall having opposite ends;

two lateral walls each having an external surface and each integrally connected

between said opposite ends of said anterior and posterior walls to define a chamber;

said walls further defining;

a superior vertebral engaging face defining a first opening in communication

with said chamber;

an opposite inferior vertebral engaging face defining a second opening in

communication with said chamber; and

a lateral wing projecting from said external surface of each said lateral wall, each said

wing disposed between said inferior and superior faces.

(Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 42 wherein said walls and said faces are 43.

composed of a biocompatible composite including a rigid foam carbonaceous material and a

thin film of metallic material deposited onto said carbonaceous material.

44. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 42 wherein each said wing extends from said

anterior wall to said posterior wall.

45. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 44, further comprising a first pair of blades

extending from said superior face and a second pair of blades extending from said inferior

face, each said blade having a cutting edge configured to pierce a vertebral end-plate.

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46. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 44, wherein:

said superior face includes a pair of convex lateral superior surfaces defined by said lateral walls, said lateral superior surfaces each defining a superior radius configured to correspond to the inferior shape of a vertebral end-plate; and

said inferior face includes a pair of convex lateral inferior surfaces defined by said lateral walls, said lateral inferior surfaces each defining an inferior radius configured to correspond to the superior shape of a vertebral end-plate.

47. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 46, wherein:

said superior face includes an anterior superior surface defined by said anterior wall, said anterior superior surface having a concave shape defining a first radius, said first radius configured to correspond to the anterior shape of an inferior vertebral end-plate; and

said inferior face includes an anterior inferior surface having a convex shape defining a second radius, said second radius configured to correspond to the anterior shape of a superior vertebral end-plate.

48. (Withdrawn) The spacer of claim 47, further comprising a first pair of blades extending from said superior face and a second pair of blades extending from said inferior face, said blades each having a cutting edge configured to pierce a vertebral end-plate.

49.-57. (Cancelled)

58. (Currently Amended) The spacer of claim 1 A hollow spinal spacer for engagement between vertebrae, comprising:

an anterior wall having a convexly curved anterior surface and opposite ends; a posterior wall having a flat posterior surface and opposite ends;

two lateral walls, each integrally connected between said opposite ends of said anterior and posterior walls to define a chamber; and

said walls further defining:

Response to Final Office Action Serial No. 10/775,546 INTERVERTEBRAL SPACERS Our Ref: MSDI-435/PC263.32 a superior vertebral engaging face defined by a thickness of said walls, said

superior vertebral engaging face extending about a first opening defined by said chamber; and

an opposite inferior vertebral engaging face defined by said thickness of said

walls, said opposite inferior vertebral engaging face extending about a second opening

defined by said chamber; and

wherein said anterior and posterior walls are formed integral with said lateral walls to

define a single piece spacer.

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